
PART J-1
ELEVATING WORK PLATFORMS

WAC 296-155-481 Scope and application. The scaffold requirements for the general and construction industries have been moved to chapter 296-874 WAC, Scaffolds.

This does not apply to crane or derrick suspended personnel platforms, which are covered by chapter 296-155 WAC, Part L. The criteria for manually propelled elevating work platforms are set out exclusively in WAC 296-155-487.

The criteria for self-propelled elevating work platforms are set out exclusively in WAC 296-155-488.

The criteria for boom supported elevating work platforms are set out exclusively in WAC 296-155-489.

The criteria for aerial lifts are set out exclusively in WAC 296-155-490.

Additional requirements for forklift supported personnel platforms are set out in WAC 296-155-615 (3)(h).
[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17.010, .040, .050, .060 RCW. 98-05-046 (Order 97-10), § 296-155-481, filed 2/13/98, effective 4/15/98. Chapter 49.17 RCW. 91-24-017 (Order 91-07), § 296-155-481, filed 11/22/91, effective 12/24/91.]

WAC 296-155-487 Manually propelled elevating work platforms.

- (1) All applicable rules for design, construction, maintenance, operation, testing and use of manually propelled elevating work platforms shall be in accordance with ANSI A92.3-1990.
- (2) General requirements.
 - (a) Any manually propelled elevating work platform, when raised to its maximum working height, on level ground, shall be capable of sustaining, without reaching instability, a minimum horizontal test force of fifty pounds or fifteen percent of the rated capacity, whichever is greater, applied to any point on the perimeter of the platform while the platform is carrying the rated work load.
 - (b) Any manually propelled elevating work platform, unless designed for such use by the manufacturer, shall not be used on an inclined surface.
 - (c) Any work platform designed by the manufacturer to be operated on an inclined surface shall also be capable of passing the stability tests outlined in (a) of this subsection while on such a surface. Procedures for maintaining stability shall be clearly outlined in the special warnings section of the operating instructions and users shall follow these instructions.
 - (d) If outriggers or stabilizers must be employed to meet the tests for stability outlined in (a) of this subsection, the operating instructions shall require their use and such outriggers or stabilizers shall be provided and used.
 - (e) The platform width shall not be less than eighteen inches and shall be provided with a surface to minimize slipping.
 - (f) The platform shall be provided with a guardrail or other structure around its upper periphery and the guardrail shall be approximately forty-two inches high, plus or minus three inches, with a midrail approximately midway between the top rail and the platform surface.

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- (i) The guardrail system shall be designed and constructed to withstand a load of twenty-five pounds per linear foot applied in a horizontal direction to the top rail or midrail.
 - (ii) The top rail or midrail shall withstand a concentrated load of three hundred pounds applied vertically to the top of either rail midway between the supporting posts.
 - (iii) Guardrail terminal posts shall withstand two hundred pounds applied in any direction at the top of the post.
- (g) The platform shall be provided with four-inch (nominal dimension) toeboards on all sides.
- (h) Toeboards may be omitted at the access openings.
- (i) The configuration of the work platform shall include access for personnel to use in reaching the platform deck when it is in the lowered position.
 - (i) Any access system used in this way shall have rungs or steps located on uniform centers not to exceed sixteen inches.
 - (ii) Steps or rungs shall be provided with a face that minimizes slipping.
- (3) Safety factor specifications.
 - (a) Where the platform is supporting its rated work load by a system of wire ropes or chains, or both, the safety factor of the wire rope or chain shall not be less than eight to one, based on ultimate strength.
 - (b) All critical components of a hydraulic or pneumatic system used in a work platform shall have a bursting strength that exceeds the pressure attained when the system is subjected to the equivalent of four times the rated work load. (Critical components are those in which failure would result in a free descent.)
 - (c) All noncritical hydraulic components shall have a bursting strength safety factor of at least two to one.
- (4) Fail safe requirements.
 - (a) Where the elevation of the platform is accomplished by an electromechanical assembly, the system shall be designed to prevent free descent in the event of a generator or power failure.
 - (b) Where the elevation of the platform is accomplished by a hydraulic or pneumatic cylinder assembly, the system shall be so equipped as to prevent free descent in the event of failure of a hydraulic or pneumatic line.
 - (c) Where the platform is horizontally extendable beyond the base of the machine, the system shall be so equipped as to prevent descent in the event of failure of a hydraulic or pneumatic line, wire rope, or chain.
 - (d) Where the elevation of the platform is accomplished by a single hoist cable, the system shall be protected by a broken-cable safety device which will prevent free descent of the platform.
 - (e) Where the elevation of the platform is accomplished by a manual-mechanical or manual-hydraulic assembly, the considerations established above shall apply.

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- (f) The control system shall be designed so that a single malfunction in the control system will not result in unintended machine motion.
 - (g) Hydraulically or pneumatically actuated outriggers or stabilizers, or both, shall be so constructed as to prevent their retraction in the event of failure of a hydraulic or pneumatic line.
- (5) Emergency lowering means. Any work platform equipped with a powered elevating assembly shall be supplied with clearly marked emergency lowering means readily accessible from ground or floor level.
- (6) Guarding. Mechanical power transmission apparatus shall be guarded in accordance with chapter 296-806 WAC, Machine safety.
- (7) Directional controls.
 - (a) All directional controls shall be marked for the direction they control and shall be of the type which automatically returns to the “off” or the neutral position when released.
 - (b) Controls shall be protected against inadvertent operation.
- (8) Motor requirements.
 - (a) Fuel lines of internal-combustion-engine-powered work platforms shall be supported to minimize chafing and positioned to minimize exposure to engine exhaust heat. Liquid fuel lines shall be hard lines except where isolation from vibration requires a flexible connection.
 - (b) LP-gas engine fuel systems shall comply with the American National Standard for Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases, ANSI/NFPA 58-1995.
 - (c) The exhaust system shall be provided with a muffler that is positioned to minimize exposure to noise and exhaust gas of the operators and personnel located in proximity to the unit.
- (9) Prevention of lateral movement. Each work platform shall be provided with locking screws, floor locks, wheel-locking mechanisms, or other means of preventing unintended lateral motions while in use.
- (10) Specifications display. The following information shall be displayed on all work platforms in as permanent and as visible a manner as practical:
 - (a) Warnings, cautions, or restrictions for safe operation in accordance with American National Standard Specifications for Accident Prevention Signs, ANSI Z535.2-1991.
 - (b) Make, model, serial number, and manufacturer's name and address.
 - (c) Rated work load.
 - (d) Maximum platform height.
 - (e) Nominal voltage rating of batteries or rated voltage of AC line.
 - (f) Statement of the need for the operator's familiarity with the work platform before it is used.

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- (11) Alternative configuration statement. When a work platform is designed with alternative configurations:
 - (a) The manufacturer shall clearly describe these alternatives, including the rated capacity in each situation.
 - (b) If the rated work load of a platform is the same in any designed configuration, these additional descriptions are not necessary.
- (12) Insulation marking. A statement of whether or not the work platform is electrically insulated. If insulated, the level of protection and the applicable test standard shall be stated in accordance with ANSI A92.2-1990.
- (13) Maintenance and operating manuals requirement. An operating and maintenance manual(s) shall be provided with each work platform and shall contain:
 - (a) Descriptions, specifications, and ratings of the work platform, including the data specified in subsection (10) of this section.
 - (b) The maximum hydraulic and pneumatic systems pressure and the maximum voltage of the electrical systems which are part of the work platform.
 - (c) Instructions regarding operation and maintenance.
 - (d) Replacement part(s) information.
- (14) Rated load display. The rated work load shall be clearly displayed at each entrance to the work platform.
- (15) Management responsibilities.
 - (a) Employers responsibilities shall be in accordance with ANSI A92.3-1990.
 - (b) Only trained and authorized personnel shall be permitted to operate the work platform.
 - (c) Work platforms that are not in safe operating condition shall be removed from service until repaired.
 - (d) Repairs shall be made by a qualified person in conformance with the manufacturer's operating and maintenance manuals.
 - (e) Operators shall be trained in care and use before operation, care and use during operation, horizontal relocation, and additional requirements as specified in ANSI A92.3-1990.
 - (f) Modifications or alterations of work platforms shall be made only with written permission of the manufacturer or any other equivalent entity.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.010, .040, .050, and .060. 04-14-028 (Order 01-12), § 296-155-487, filed 06/29/04, effective 01/01/05. Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17.010, .040, .050, .060 RCW. 98-05-046 (Order 97-10), § 296-155-487, filed 2/13/98, effective 4/15/98.]

WAC 296-155-488 Self propelled elevating work platforms.

- (1) All applicable rules for design, construction, maintenance, operation, testing and use of self propelled elevating work platforms shall be in accordance with ANSI A92.6-1990.
- (2) Minimum rated work load.
 - (a) The minimum rated work load of work platforms shall not be less than two hundred fifty pounds.
 - (b) All structural load-supporting elements of the work platform shall have a structural safety factor of not less than two based on the minimum yield strength of the material.
 - (c) All structural load-supporting elements of the work platform that are made of nonductile material (such as cast iron and fiberglass) shall have a structural safety factor of not less than five based on the minimum ultimate strength of the material.
 - (d) Design and stability tests shall be in accordance with ANSI A92.6-1990.
 - (e) Each production unit on level ground shall sustain a load test with a platform load at least one hundred fifty percent of the rated capacity imposed. The test shall include the movement of the platform through its entire range of motion.
- (3) Driving interlock.
 - (a) The unit shall use interlock means that will prevent driving the unit unless the platform height, platform configuration, or any combination of these, are adjusted to meet the stability test requirements.
 - (b) A work platform limited in driveable height by the interlock means may be elevated and used while stationary up to the maximum platform heights at which it will maintain stability during the following static test. At the maximum platform height, on level ground, with the platform carrying the rated work load, apply a horizontal test force of one hundred fifty pounds or fifteen percent of the rated platform load (whichever is greater) at the point on the perimeter of the platform most likely to cause overturning.
- (4) Platform outrigger interlocks. Where outriggers, stabilizers, or extendable axles are required to meet the side load test, interlocks shall prevent the platform from being raised above the height at which these devices are required unless the required devices are extended. Interlocks shall also prevent the retraction of these devices while the platform is above that level.
- (5) Platform requirement.
 - (a) A guardrail or other structure shall be provided around its upper periphery, which shall be approximately forty-two inches plus or minus three inches in height, a midrail, and toeboards which shall be not less than four inches high (nominal dimension). Guardrail and midrail chains, or the equivalent, may be substituted across an access opening. Toeboards may be omitted at the access opening.
 - (b) The work platform shall have a minimum width of eighteen inches. Proper access shall be provided for personnel to use in reaching the platform deck when it is in the lowered position.
 - (c) A floor surface shall be provided for both the platform and the access that will minimize slipping.

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- (6) System safety factors.
 - (a) When the platform supports its rated work load by a system of wire ropes or chains, or both, the safety factor of the wire rope or chains shall not be less than eight to one, based on ultimate strength.
 - (b) All critical hydraulic components, all pneumatic components, and all hoses of hydraulic or pneumatic systems shall have a minimum bursting strength of at least four times the operating pressure for which the system is designed.
 - (c) Noncritical hydraulic components shall have a minimum bursting strength of at least twice the operating pressure for which the system is designed.
- (7) Safety design requirements.
 - (a) Where the elevation of the platform is accomplished by an electromechanical assembly, the system shall be designed to prevent free descent in the event of a generator or power failure.
 - (b) Where the elevation of the platform is accomplished by a hydraulic or pneumatic cylinder assembly, the system shall be so equipped as to prevent free descent in the event of a hydraulic or pneumatic line failure.
 - (c) Where the platform is horizontally extendable beyond the base of the machine, the system shall be so equipped as to prevent descent in the event of a hydraulic or pneumatic line failure.
 - (d) Where the elevation of the platform is accomplished by a single hoist cable, the system shall be protected by a broken-cable safety device that will prevent free descent of the platform.
 - (e) In addition to the primary operator controls, the work platform shall be equipped with an emergency stop device located at the primary control station that will deactivate all powered functions.
 - (f) Hydraulically or pneumatically actuated outriggers or stabilizers, or both, shall be designed to prevent their retraction in the event of a hydraulic or pneumatic line failure.
 - (g) Any work platform equipped with a powered elevating assembly shall be supplied with clearly marked emergency lowering means readily accessible from ground level.
 - (h) Mechanical power transmission apparatus shall be guarded in accordance with chapter 296-806 WAC, Machine safety.
- (8) Directional controls.
 - (a) Directional controls shall move in the direction of the function they control. The controls shall be of the type that automatically return to the off or the neutral position when released.
 - (b) Such controls shall be protected against inadvertent operation and shall be clearly marked.

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- (9) Engine requirement.
 - (a) Fuel lines of internal-combustion-engine-powered work platforms shall be supported to keep chafing to a minimum. They shall be located to keep exposure to engine and exhaust heat to a minimum.
 - (b) Liquid fuel lines shall be hard except where flexible connections are required for isolation from vibration.
 - (c) LP gas fuel systems shall use flexible LP gas hose or hard lines.
 - (d) Exhaust lines shall be equipped with mufflers. The lines shall be located to minimize the exposure of noise and fumes to operators and personnel near the units.
- (10) Each work platform shall be equipped with a mechanical parking brake, which will hold the unit on any slope it is capable of climbing. Wheel chocks shall be installed before using an aerial lift on an incline, provided they can be safely installed.
- (11) Specifications display. The following information shall be displayed on all work platforms in a clearly visible, accessible area and in as permanent a manner as possible:
 - (a) Warnings, cautions, or restrictions for safe operation in accordance with ANSI Z535.2-1991.
 - (b) Make, model, serial number, and manufacturer's name and address.
 - (c) Rated work load.
 - (d) Maximum platform height.
 - (e) Nominal voltage of the batteries if battery powered.
 - (f) A notice to study the operating/maintenance manual before using the equipment.
 - (g) Alternative configuration statement. If a work platform is susceptible to several alternative configurations, then the manufacturer shall clearly describe these alternatives, including the rated capacity in each situation. If the rated work load of a work platform is the same in any configuration, these additional descriptions are not necessary.
 - (h) A clear statement of whether or not the platform and its enclosure are electrically insulated. If insulated, the level of protection and the applicable test standard shall be stated, in accordance with ANSI 92.2-1990.
 - (i) The rated work load shall be clearly displayed at each entrance to the platform.
- (12) Lift manual requirement. Each work platform shall be provided with an appropriate manual. The manual shall contain:
 - (a) Descriptions, specifications, and ratings of the work platform, including the data specified in subsection (11)(h) and (i) of this section.

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- (b) The maximum system pressure and the maximum voltage of the electrical systems that are part of the work platform.
 - (c) Instructions regarding operation, maintenance, and weld specifications.
 - (d) Replacement parts information.
- (13) Inspection and maintenance.
 - (a) Each work platform shall be inspected, maintained, repaired and kept in proper working order in accordance with the manufacturer's maintenance and repair manuals.
 - (b) Any work platform not in safe operating condition shall be removed from service until it is repaired.
 - (c) All repairs shall be made by a qualified service person in conformance with the manufacturer's maintenance and repair manuals.
- (14) Operator requirements. Only trained and authorized personnel shall be permitted to operate the work platform. Before using the work platform, the operator shall:
 - (a) Read and understand the manufacturer's operating instructions and safety rules, and be trained by a qualified person on the contents of the manufacturer's instructions and safety rules.
 - (b) Read and understand all decals, warnings, and instructions on the work platform.
 - (c) On a daily basis, before the work platform is used, it shall be given a thorough inspection, which shall include:
 - (i) Inspection for defects such as cracked welds, hydraulic leaks, damaged control cable, loose wire connections, and tire damage.
 - (ii) Inspection of functional controls for proper operation.
 - (d) Any suspect items discovered through inspection shall be carefully examined and a determination made by a qualified service person as to whether they constitute a safety hazard. All unsafe items shall be corrected before further use of the work platform.
 - (e) Before the work platform is used, the operator shall survey the area for hazards such as:
 - (i) Untamped earth fills.
 - (ii) Ditches.
 - (iii) Dropoffs or holes.
 - (iv) Bumps and floor obstructions.
 - (v) Debris.
 - (vi) Overhead obstructions and high-voltage conductors.

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- (vii) Other possible hazardous conditions.
- (15) Requirement for operations. The work platform shall be used only in accordance with the Manufacturer's Operating Instructions and Safety Rules, ANSI A92.6-1990, and this standard.
- (a) Only trained and authorized personnel shall be permitted to operate the work platform.
 - (b) Before each elevation of the work platform, the operator shall:
 - (i) Check for overhead obstructions and high-voltage conductors. A minimum distance of ten feet from energized high-voltage conductors shall be maintained at all times between the conductors and the operator and platform equipment.
 - (ii) Ensure that the work platform is elevated only on a firm and level surface.
 - (iii) Ensure that the load and its distribution on the platform are in accordance with the manufacturer's rated capacity. The manufacturer's recommended load limits shall never be exceeded.
 - (iv) Ensure that outriggers and stabilizers are used if the manufacturer's instructions require their use.
 - (v) Ensure that guardrails are properly installed, and gates or openings are closed.
 - (c) Before and during driving while the platform is elevated, the operator shall:
 - (i) Be required to look in the direction of, and keep a clear view of, the path of travel and assure that the path of travel is firm and level.
 - (ii) Maintain a safe distance from obstacles, debris, dropoffs, holes, depressions, ramps, or other hazards to safe elevated travel.
 - (iii) Maintain a safe distance from overhead obstacles.
 - (d) The operator shall limit travel speed according to conditions. Conditions to be observed are: Ground surface, congestion, slope, location of personnel, and other factors that may create a hazard of collision or injury to personnel.
 - (e) Stunt driving and horseplay shall not be permitted.
 - (f) Personnel shall maintain a firm footing on the platform while working thereon unless they are secured by safety harness and lanyard devices fixed to manufacturer-approved hard points. Use of railings or planks, ladders or any other device on the work platform for achieving additional height shall be prohibited.
 - (g) The operator shall immediately report defects or malfunctions which become evident during operation and shall stop use of the work platform until correction has been made.
 - (h) Altering or disabling of safety devices or interlocks shall be prohibited.

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- (i) Care shall be taken to prevent ropes, electric cords, hoses, etc., from tangling with the work platform when the platform is being elevated, lowered, or moved.
 - (j) Work platform rated capacities shall not be exceeded when loads are transferred to the platform at elevated heights.
 - (k) The operator shall ensure that the area surrounding the work platform is clear of personnel and equipment before lowering the platform.
- (16) Fuel tanks shall not be filled while the engine is running. Spillage shall be avoided.
 - (17) Batteries shall not be charged except in an open, well-ventilated area, free of flame, smoking, spark, or fire.
 - (18) Modifications. All modifications and alterations to work platforms shall be certified in writing as being in conformance with ANSI A92.6-1990 by the manufacturer or any equivalent entity, such as a nationally recognized testing laboratory.

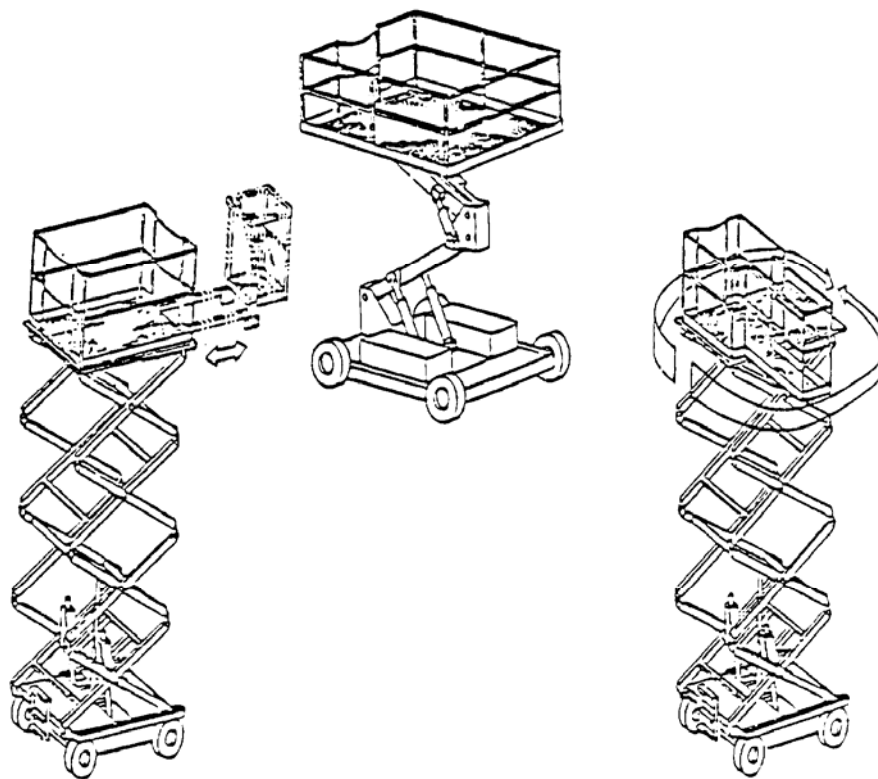


Fig. 1
Examples of Work Platforms

[Statutory Authority: RCW 49.17.010, .040, .050, and .060. 04-14-028 (Order 01-12), § 296-155-488, filed 06/29/04, effective 01/01/05. Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17.010, .040, .050, .060 RCW. 98-05-046 (Order 97-10, § 296-155-488, filed 2/13/98, effective 4/15/98.)]

WAC 296-155-489 Boom supported elevating work platforms.

- (1) All applicable rules for design, construction, maintenance, operation, testing and use of boom supported elevating work platforms shall be in accordance with ANSI A92.5-1992.
- (2) Minimum rated work load. The minimum rated work load of a work platform shall be three hundred pounds. Either single or multiple ratings may be used.
 - (a) Work platforms with single ratings shall include means which clearly present the rated work load to the operator at the platform control station.
 - (b) Work platforms having multiple configurations with multiple ratings shall have means which clearly describe the rated work load of each configuration to the operator at the platform control station. Examples of multiple configurations are:
 - (i) Outriggers extended to firm footing versus outriggers not extended.
 - (ii) Large platform versus small platform.
 - (iii) Extendable boom retracted versus extended.
 - (iv) Boom elevated versus lowered.
 - (v) Extendable axles extended versus retracted.
- (3) Boom angle indicator: When the rated capacity of the alternate configuration depends on the angle the boom makes with the horizontal, the manufacturer shall install means by which that angle can be determined. Such means shall be clearly displayed to the operator at the platform control station.
- (4) Structural safety.
 - (a) All load-supporting structural elements of the work platform shall have a structural safety factor of not less than two to one based on the minimum yield strength of the materials used.
 - (b) The load-supporting structural elements of the work platform that are made of nonductile material which will not deform plastically before breaking shall have a structural safety factor of not less than five to one based on the minimum ultimate strength of the materials used.
 - (c) The design stress used in determining the structural safety factor shall be the maximum stresses developed within the element with the machine operating at its rated work load, used in the type of service for which it was designed, and operated in accordance with manufacturer's operation instructions.
 - (d) The design stress shall include the effects of stress concentration and dynamic loading as shown in ANSI A92.5-1992.
- (5) Platform stability.
 - (a) Each work platform shall be capable of maintaining stability while sustaining a static load equal to one and one-third times its rated work load, concentrated anywhere twelve inches inside the perimeter of the platform, throughout its entire range of motion while on a slope of five degrees from the horizontal in the direction most likely to cause overturning.

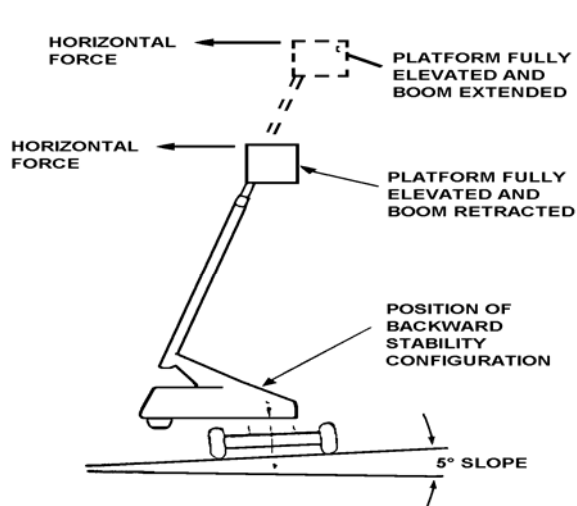
WAC 296-155-489 (Cont.)

- (i) If having the outriggers, stabilizers, or extendable axles in contact with the supporting surface is part of the normal configuration to meet the stability requirements, they shall be extended.
 - (ii) A visual inspection shall be made to determine whether this test has produced an adverse effect on any component.
- (b) Each work platform shall sustain on level ground a test load equal to one and one-half times its rated work load throughout the entire range of motion in which the boom can be placed.
 - (i) The test load shall be placed with its center of gravity twelve inches inboard from the guardrail while the unit is in the least stable position.
 - (ii) The work platform shall remain stable during this test.
 - (iii) A visual inspection shall be made to determine whether this test has produced an adverse effect on any component.
- (c) Each work platform shall be capable of maintaining stability when positioned on a five degree slope in its backward stability configuration in the direction and condition most likely to cause overturning, while sustaining a horizontal force of one hundred fifty pounds or fifteen percent of rated capacity, whichever is greater, applied to the upper perimeter of the platform in the direction most likely to cause overturning (see Fig. 1).

Note that the most adverse condition may be with zero or with rated work load (concentrated one foot inside perimeter of platform), depending on basket configuration.

- (i) If having the outriggers, stabilizers, or extendable axles in contact with the supporting surface is part of the normal configuration to meet stability requirements, they shall be extended.
 - (ii) A visual inspection shall be made to determine whether this test has produced an adverse effect on any component.

WAC 296-155-489 (Cont.)



- (6) Work platform design requirement. The work platform shall be provided with a guardrail or other structure approximately forty-two inches plus or minus three inches high around its upper periphery, with a midrail, and with toeboards not less than four inches high. Guardrails and midrail chains or the equivalent may be substituted across an access opening.
 - (a) All stepping, standing, and working surfaces shall be skid resistant.
 - (b) Attachment points shall be provided for a body belt and lanyard for each person occupying the platform.
- (7) Work platform controls. Work platforms shall have both primary and secondary controls.
 - (a) Primary controls shall be readily accessible to the operator on the platform.
 - (b) Secondary controls shall be designed to override the primary controls and shall be readily accessible from ground level.
 - (c) Both primary and secondary controls shall be clearly marked, using permanent legible identification which can be easily understood.
 - (d) All directional controls shall move in the direction of the function which they control when possible, and shall be of the type which automatically returns to the “off” or the neutral position when released.
 - (e) Such controls shall be protected against inadvertent operation.

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- (8) Outrigger interlocks. Where the work platform is equipped with outriggers, stabilizers, or extendable axles, interlocks shall be provided to ensure that the platform cannot be positioned beyond the maximum travel height unless the outriggers, stabilizers, or extendable axles are properly set. Control circuits shall ensure that the driving motor(s) cannot be activated unless the outriggers or stabilizers are disengaged and the platform has been lowered to the maximum travel height (MTH).
- (9) Auxiliary operating means: All work platforms shall be provided with an auxiliary means of lowering, retracting, and rotating in the event of primary power loss.
- (10) Emergency stop: All work platforms shall be equipped with an emergency stop device, readily accessible to the operator, which will effectively de-energize all powered systems in case of a malfunction.
- (11) Tilt alarm: All work platforms shall be fitted with an alarm or other suitable warning at the platform, which will be activated automatically when the machine base is more than five degrees out of level in any direction.
- (12) System safety factors.
 - (a) Where the platform is supporting its rated work load by a system of wire ropes or lift chains, or both, the safety factor of the wire rope or chain shall not be less than eight to one, based on ultimate strength.
 - (b) All critical components and hoses of hydraulic and pneumatic systems shall have a minimum bursting strength of four times the operating pressure for which the system is designed.
 - (c) Noncritical components shall have a minimum bursting strength of two times the operating pressure for which the system is designed.
 - (d) Critical components are defined as those in which a malfunction would result in a free descent of the platform.
- (13) Failsafe requirements.
 - (a) Where the elevation of the platform is accomplished by an electromechanical assembly, the system shall be so designed as to prevent free descent in the event of a generator or power failure.
 - (b) Where the elevation of the platform is accomplished by a hydraulic or pneumatic cylinder assembly, the system shall be so equipped as to prevent free descent in the event a hydraulic or pneumatic line bursts.
 - (c) Hydraulically or pneumatically actuated outriggers or stabilizers, or both, shall be so designed as to prevent their retraction in the event a hydraulic or pneumatic line bursts.
- (14) Engine requirement.
 - (a) Fuel lines of internal-combustion-engine-powered work platforms shall be supported to keep chafing to a minimum and located to keep exposure to engine and exhaust heat to a minimum.
 - (b) Liquid fuel lines shall be hard except where flexible connections are required for isolation from vibration.

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- (c) LP gas fuel systems shall use flexible LP gas hose or hard lines.
 - (d) Exhaust lines shall be equipped with mufflers and shall be located to minimize the exposure to noise and fumes of operators and personnel located in the proximity of such units.
- (15) Specifications display. There shall be displayed on all work platforms, in a permanent manner, at a readily visible location, the following information:
 - (a) Special warnings, cautions, or restrictions necessary for safe operation in accordance with ANSI Z535.2-1991.
 - (b) Make, model, serial number, and manufacturer's name and address.
 - (c) Rated work load.
 - (d) Maximum platform height and maximum travel height.
 - (e) Reference to studying operating instructions in manual before use.
 - (f) Alternative configuration statement. If a work platform is capable of several alternative configurations and loads, the alternatives shall be clearly described.
 - (g) A clear statement of whether or not the platform and its enclosure are electrically insulated. If they are electrically insulated, the voltage at which the platform is rated and the applicable test standard shall be stated.
 - (h) The rated work load shall be clearly displayed at each entrance to the platform and the operator control station.
- (16) Lift manual requirements. Each work platform shall be provided with a manufacturer's manual(s) containing the following information:
 - (a) Descriptions, specifications, and ratings of the work platform, including the data specified in subsection (17) of this section.
 - (b) The maximum hydraulic operating pressure and the maximum voltage of the electrical systems which are part of the platform.
 - (c) Instructions regarding operation, safety rules, maintenance, and repair.
 - (d) Replacement parts information.
- (17) Inspection and maintenance.
 - (a) Each work platform shall be inspected, maintained, repaired, and kept in proper working condition in accordance with the manufacturer's maintenance and repair manuals.
 - (b) Any work platform found not to be in safe operating condition shall be removed from service until repaired.

WAC 296-155-489 (Cont.)

- (c) All repairs shall be made by a qualified person in conformance with the manufacturer's maintenance and repair manual(s).
- (18) Operator requirements. Only trained and authorized persons shall be permitted to operate the work platform. Before using the work platform, the operator shall:
 - (a) Be instructed by a qualified person in the intended purpose and function of each of the controls.
 - (b) Read and understand the manufacturer's operating instructions and safety rules, or be trained by a qualified person on the contents of the manufacturer's operating instructions and safety rules.
 - (c) Understand by reading or by having a qualified person explain all decals, warnings, and instructions displayed on the work platform.
 - (d) Prior to use on each work shift, the work platform shall be inspected for defects that would affect its safe operation and use. The inspection shall consist of the following:
 - (i) Visual inspection for cracked welds or other structural defects, hydraulic leaks, damaged control cables, loose wire connections, and tire damage.
 - (ii) Function test of the operating controls to ensure that they perform their intended functions. Any suspect items shall be carefully examined and a determination made by a qualified person as to whether they constitute a safety hazard. All unsafe items shall be corrected before further use of the work platform.
 - (iii) Before the work platform is used and during use, the job site shall be checked for hazards such as ditches, dropoffs or holes, bumps and floor obstructions, debris, overhead obstructions and high-voltage conductors, and other possible hazardous conditions.
- (19) Requirements for operation. The work platform shall be used only in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions and safety rules, ANSI 92.6-1990 and this standard.
 - (a) Only trained and authorized personnel shall be permitted to operate the work platform.
 - (b) Before each elevation of the work platform, the operator shall:
 - (i) Check for overhead obstructions and high-voltage conductors. A minimum distance of ten feet from energized high-voltage conductors shall be maintained at all times between the conductors and the operator and platform equipment.
 - (ii) Ensure the work platform is elevated only on a firm and level surface.
 - (iii) Ensure that the load and its distribution on the platform are in accordance with the manufacturer's rated capacity. The manufacturer's rated work load shall never be exceeded.
 - (iv) Ensure that outriggers or stabilizers are used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Wheel chocks shall be installed before using an aerial lift on an incline, provided they can be safely installed.

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- (v) Ensure that platform guardrails are properly installed and gates or openings are closed.
- (vi) Check to see that all occupants' full body harnesses are on and properly attached.
- (c) Before and during driving while elevated, the operator shall:
 - (i) Be required to look in the direction of, and keep a clear view of, the path of travel and make sure that the path is firm and level.
 - (ii) Maintain a safe distance from obstacles, debris, dropoffs, holes, depressions, ramps, and other hazards to safe elevated travel.
 - (iii) Maintain a safe distance from overhead obstacles.
- (d) Under all travel conditions the operator shall limit speed according to conditions of ground surface, congestion, slope, location of personnel, and other factors which may create a hazard of collision or injury to personnel.
- (e) Stunt driving and horseplay shall not be permitted.
- (f) Personnel shall maintain a firm footing on the platform while working thereon. Safety harness and lanyard devices fixed to attachment points provided and approved by the manufacturer shall be used by all occupants. Use of railings, planks, ladders, or any other device on the work platform for achieving additional height shall be prohibited.
- (g) The operators shall immediately report to their supervisor any defects or malfunctions which become evident during operation. Any defects or malfunctions that affect the safety of operation shall be repaired prior to continued use of the work platform.
- (h) Altering, modifying, or disabling safety devices or interlocks is prohibited.
- (i) Care shall be taken to prevent ropes, electric cords, hoses, and the like from becoming entangled in the work platform when it is being elevated, lowered, or moved.
- (j) Work platform rated capacities shall not be exceeded when live loads are transferred to the platform at elevated heights.
- (k) The operator shall ensure that the area surrounding the work platform is clear of personnel and equipment before lowering the platform.
- (20) Refueling: Fuel tanks shall not be filled while the engine is running. Caution shall be used while filling tanks to avoid spilling fuel.
- (21) Battery charging: Batteries shall not be charged except in an open, well ventilated area free of flame, smoking, spark, and fire.
- (22) Modifications: There shall be no modification or alteration to work platforms without the modifications being approved and certified in writing by the manufacturer or other equivalent entity, such as a nationally recognized testing laboratory, to be in conformance with all applicable provisions of ANSI A92.5-1992 and this standard.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17.010, .040, .050, .060 RCW. 98-05-046 (Order 97-10, § 296-155-489, filed 2/13/98, effective 4/15/98.)]

WAC 296-155-490 Aerial lifts.

(1) “General requirements.”

- (a) Unless otherwise provided in this section, aerial lifts acquired for use on or after January 22, 1973, shall be designed and constructed in conformance with the applicable requirements of the American National Standards for “Vehicle Mounted Elevating and Rotating Work Platforms,” ANSI A92.2-1969, including appendix. Aerial lifts acquired before January 22, 1973, which do not meet the requirements of ANSI A92.2-1969, may not be used after January 1, 1976, unless they shall have been modified so as to conform with the applicable design and construction requirements of ANSI A92.2-1969. Aerial lifts include the following types of vehicle-mounted aerial devices used to elevate personnel to job-sites above ground:
 - (i) Extensible boom platforms;
 - (ii) Aerial ladders;
 - (iii) Articulating boom platforms;
 - (iv) Vertical towers; and
 - (v) A combination of any such devices. Aerial equipment may be made of metal, wood, fiberglass reinforced plastic (FRP), or other material; may be powered or manually operated; and are deemed to be aerial lifts whether or not they are capable of rotating about a substantially vertical axis.
- (b) Aerial lifts may be “field modified” for uses other than those intended by the manufacturer provided the modification has been certified in writing by the manufacturer or by any other equivalent entity, such as a nationally recognized testing laboratory, to be in conformity with all applicable provisions of ANSI A92.2-1969 and this section and to be at least as safe as the equipment was before modification.

(2) “Specific requirements.”

- (a) Ladder trucks and tower trucks:
 - (i) Aerial ladders shall be secured in the lower traveling position by the locking device on top of the truck cab, and the manually operated device at the base of the ladder before the truck is moved for highway travel.
 - (ii) A full body harness shall be worn and a lanyard attached to the ladder rail or tower when working from ladder trucks or tower trucks.
- (b) Extensible and articulating boom platforms.
 - (i) Lift controls shall be tested each day prior to use to determine that such controls are in safe working condition.
 - (ii) Only authorized persons shall operate an aerial lift.
 - (iii) Belting off to an adjacent pole, structure, or equipment while working from an aerial lift shall not be permitted.

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- (iv) Employees shall always stand firmly on the floor of the basket, and shall not sit or climb on the edge of the basket or use planks, ladders, or other devices for a work position.
 - (v) A full body harness shall be worn and a lanyard attached to the boom or basket when working from an aerial lift.
 - (vi) Boom and basket load limits specified by the manufacturer shall not be exceeded.
 - (vii) The brakes shall be set and when outriggers are used, they shall be positioned on pads or a solid surface. Wheel chocks shall be installed before using an aerial lift on an incline, provided they can be safely installed.
 - (viii) An aerial lift truck shall not be moved when the boom is elevated in a working position with men in the basket, except for equipment which is specifically designed for this type of operation in accordance with the provisions of subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section.
 - (ix) Articulating boom and extensible boom platforms, primarily designed as personnel carriers, shall have both platform (upper) and lower controls. Upper controls shall be in or beside the platform within easy reach of the operator. Lower controls shall provide for overriding the upper controls. Controls shall be plainly marked as to their function. Lower level controls shall not be operated unless permission has been obtained from the employee in the lift, except in case of emergency.
 - (x) Climbers shall not be worn while performing work from an aerial lift.
 - (xi) The insulated portion of an aerial lift shall not be altered in any manner that might reduce its insulating value.
 - (xii) Before moving an aerial lift for travel, the boom(s) shall be inspected to see that it is properly cradled and outriggers are in stowed position except as provided in (b)(viii) of this subsection.
- (c) Electrical tests. All electrical tests shall conform to the requirements of ANSI A92.2-1990 section 5. However equivalent d.c. voltage tests may be used in lieu of the a.c. voltage specified in A92.2-1990; d.c. voltage tests which are approved by the equipment manufacturer or equivalent entity shall be considered an equivalent test for the purpose of this subsection (2)(c).
- (d) Bursting safety factor. The provisions of the American National Standards Institute standard ANSI A92.2-1990, section 4.9 Bursting Safety Factor shall apply to all critical hydraulic and pneumatic components. Critical components are those in which a failure would result in a free fall or free rotation of the boom. All noncritical components shall have a bursting safety factor of at least 2 to 1.
- (e) Welding standards. All welding shall conform to the following standards as applicable:
- (i) Standard Qualification Procedure, AWS B3.0-41.
 - (ii) Recommended Practices for Automotive Welding Design, AWS D8.4-61.

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Note: Nonmandatory Appendix C to this part lists examples of national consensus standards that are considered to provide employee protection equivalent to that provided through the application of ANSI A92.2-1990, where appropriate. Copies may be obtained from the American National Standards Institute.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17.010, .040, .050, .060 RCW. 98-05-046 (Order 97-10), § 296-155-490, filed 2/13/98, effective 4/15/98.]

WAC 296-155-496 Non-Mandatory Appendix C to Part J-1, List of National Consensus Standards.

ANSI/SIA A92.2-1990 Vehicle-Mounted Elevating and Rotating Aerial Devices

ANSI/SIA A92.3-1990 Manually Propelled Elevating Aerial Platforms

ANSI/SIA A92.5-1990 Boom Supported Elevating Work Platforms

ANSI/SIA A92.6-1990 Self-Propelled Elevating Work Platforms

ANSI/SIA A92.7-1990 Airline Ground Support Vehicle-Mounted Vertical Lift Devices

ANSI/SIA A92.8-1993 Vehicle-Mounted Bridge Inspection and Maintenance Devices

ANSI/SIA A92.9-1993 Mast-Climbing Work Platforms.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 49.17.010, .040, .050, .060 RCW. 98-05-046 (Order 97-10), § 296-155-496, filed 2/13/98, effective 4/15/98.]